

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Mixture identification:

Trade name: Ink, T0441

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended use:

Ink for inkjet printing

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company:

EPSON EUROPE B.V.

Azie building, Atlas ArenA, Hoogoorddreef 5, 1101 BA Amsterdam

Zuidoost The Netherlands

Phone number: +31-20-314-5000

3rd and 4th Floors, The Clarendon Works, 37-39 Clarendon Road,
Watford, WD17 1JA, United Kingdom

Phone number: +44-1442-261144

Competent person responsible for the safety data sheet:

chemicals@epson.eu

Date: 07/10/2025

Revision: 6.0

1.4. Emergency telephone number

United Kingdom;

01952 607111 Monday to Friday 9am to 5:30pm.

Emergency Action: In the event of a medical enquiry involving
this product, please contact your doctor or local hospital
accident and emergency department.

Ireland;

+353 (01) 809 2566 or +353 (01) 809 2166 8am – 10pm

Malta;

2545 0000 or 21224071

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

EC regulation criteria 1272/2008 (CLP)

The product is not classified as dangerous according to Regulation EC 1272/2008 (CLP).

Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects:

No other hazards

2.2. Label elements

The product is not classified as dangerous according to Regulation EC 1272/2008 (CLP).

Hazard pictograms:

None

Hazard statements:

None

Precautionary statements:

None

Special Provisions:

EUH210 Safety data sheet available on request.

Special provisions according to Annex XVII of REACH and subsequent amendments:

None

2.3. Other hazards

No PBT, vPvB or endocrine disruptor substances present in concentration $\geq 0.1\%$

Other Hazards:

No other hazards

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

No

3.2. Mixtures

Hazardous components within the meaning of the CLP regulation and related classification:

Qty	Name	Ident. Number	Classification
65% ~ 80%	Water	CAS: 7732-18-5 EC: 231-791-2	The product is not classified as dangerous according to Regulation EC 1272/2008 (CLP).
10% ~ 12.5%	Glycerol	CAS: 56-81-5 EC: 200-289-5	The product is not classified as dangerous according to Regulation EC 1272/2008 (CLP).
3% ~ 5%	Carbon black	CAS: 1333-86-4 EC: 215-609-9	The product is not classified as dangerous according to Regulation EC 1272/2008 (CLP).
1% ~ 3%	2-Pyrrolidone	CAS: 616-45-5 EC: 210-483-1 REACH No.: 01-21194754 71-37	 3.3/2 Eye Irrit. 2 H319  3.7/1B Repr. 1B H360 Specific Concentration Limits: C >= 3%: Repr. 1B H360
1% ~ 3%	2-[2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethoxy]ethanol; TEGBE; triethylene glycol monobutyl ether	Index number: 603-183-00-0 CAS: 143-22-6 EC: 205-592-6 REACH No.: 01-21194751 07-38	 3.3/1 Eye Dam. 1 H318 Specific Concentration Limits: C >= 30%: Eye Dam. 1 H318 20% <= C < 30%: Eye Irrit. 2 H319

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

In case of skin contact:

Wash with plenty of water and soap.

In case of eyes contact:

In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.

In case of Ingestion:

Do not under any circumstances induce vomiting. OBTAIN A MEDICAL EXAMINATION IMMEDIATELY.

In case of Inhalation:

Remove casualty to fresh air and keep warm and at rest.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

None

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment:

None

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media:

Water.

Carbon dioxide (CO2).

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons:

None in particular.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Do not inhale explosion and combustion gases.

Burning produces heavy smoke.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Use suitable breathing apparatus .

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains.

Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear personal protection equipment.

Remove persons to safety.

See protective measures under point 7 and 8.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter into soil/subsoil. Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.

Retain contaminated washing water and dispose it.

In case of gas escape or of entry into waterways, soil or drains, inform the responsible authorities.

Suitable material for taking up: absorbing material, organic, sand

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Wash with plenty of water.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See also section 8 and 13

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes, inhalation of vapours and mists.

See also section 8 for recommended protective equipment.

Advice on general occupational hygiene:

Do not eat or drink while working.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep away from food, drink and feed.

Incompatible materials:

None in particular.

Instructions as regards storage premises:

Adequately ventilated premises.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

None in particular

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Glycerol - CAS: 56-81-5

- OEL Type: OSHA - TWA: 5 mg/m³ - Notes: Respirable dust

- OEL Type: OSHA - TWA: 15 mg/m³ - Notes: Total dust

Carbon black - CAS: 1333-86-4

- OEL Type: ACGIH - TWA(8h): 3 mg/m³

- OEL Type: OSHA - TWA: 3.5 mg/m³

- OEL Type: JSOH - TWA: 1 mg/m³

- OEL Type: JSOH - TWA: 4 mg/m³

- OEL Type: ISHL - TWA(8h): 0.3 mg/m³ - Notes: as respirable particle

- OEL Type: ISHL - TWA: 3.0 mg/m³

DNEL Exposure Limit Values

2-Pyrrolidone - CAS: 616-45-5

Worker Industry: 13.23 mg/m³ - Worker Professional: 1.985 mg/m³ - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects

Worker Industry: 1.876 mg/kg/day - Worker Professional: 0.67 mg/kg/day -

Exposure: Human Dermal - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects

Worker Professional: 0.67 mg/kg/day - Exposure: Human Oral - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects

PNEC Exposure Limit Values

2-Pyrrolidone - CAS: 616-45-5

Target: Fresh Water - Value: 0.5 mg/l

Target: Freshwater sediments - Value: 2.17 mg/kg

Target: Marine water - Value: 0.05 mg/l

Target: Marine water sediments - Value: 0.217 mg/kg

Target: Microorganisms in sewage treatments - Value: 10 mg/l

2-[2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethoxy]ethanol; TEGBE; triethylene glycol monobutyl ether - CAS: 143-22-6

Target: Fresh Water - Value: 1.5 mg/l

Target: Freshwater sediments - Value: 5.77 mg/kg

Target: Marine water - Value: 0.15 mg/l

Target: Marine water sediments - Value: 0.13 mg/kg

Target: Microorganisms in sewage treatments - Value: 200 mg/l

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Appropriate engineering controls:

None

8.2.2. Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye protection:

Use personal protective equipment as required.

Protection for skin:

Use personal protective equipment as required.

Protection for hands:

Use personal protective equipment as required.

Respiratory protection:

Use personal protective equipment as required.

Thermal Hazards:

None

8.2.3. Environmental exposure controls:

None

Appropriate engineering controls:

None

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state:

Liquid

Colour:

Black

Odour:

Slightly

Melting point / freezing point:

No data available

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range:

No data available

Flammability:

Non-flammable

Lower and upper explosion limit:

No data available

Flash point:

Not detected until 120 °C / 248 ° F
(closed cup method, ASTM D 3278)

Auto-ignition temperature:

No data available

Decomposition temperature:

No data available

pH:	8.75 ~ 9.55	at 20 °C
Kinematic viscosity:	< 5 mm ² /s	at 20 °C
Solubility in water:	Complete	
Vapour pressure:	No data available	
Density and/or relative density:	1.071	at 20 °C
	Specific gravity (relative density)	
Relative vapour density:	No data available	
Particle characteristics:	Not Relevant	

9.2. Other information

No other relevant information

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

- 10.1. Reactivity
 - Stable under normal conditions
- 10.2. Chemical stability
 - Stable under normal conditions
- 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions
 - None
- 10.4. Conditions to avoid
 - Stable under normal conditions.
- 10.5. Incompatible materials
 - None in particular.
- 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products
 - None.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Toxicological information of the product:

- a) acute toxicity:
 - Test: LD50 - Route: Dermal - Species: Rat > 2000 mg/kg
 - Test: LD50 - Route: Oral - Species: Rat > 2500 mg/kg
- b) skin corrosion/irritation:
 - Test: Skin Irritant - Species: Rabbit Mild irritant
- c) serious eye damage/irritation:
 - Test: Eye Irritant - Species: Rabbit Mild irritant
- d) respiratory or skin sensitisation:
 - Test: Skin Sensitisation - Route: LLNA - Species: Mouse Non-sensitiser
- e) germ cell mutagenicity:
 - Test: Mutagenesis - Species: Salmonella Typhimurium and Escherichia coli
 - Negative
- f) carcinogenicity:
 - Components do not come under carcinogens (Ref. 1), except for Carbon black

Toxicological information of the main substances found in the product:

Glycerol - CAS: 56-81-5

a) acute toxicity:

Test: LD50 - Route: Oral - Species: Guinea pig = 7750 mg/kg - Source: Journal of Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology. Vol. 23, Pg. 259, 1941
 Test: LDLo - Route: Oral - Species: Human = 1428 mg/kg - Source: "Toxicology of Drugs and Chemicals," Deichmann, W.B., New York, Academic Press, Inc., 1969 Vol. -, Pg. 288, 1969.

Carbon black - CAS: 1333-86-4

a) acute toxicity:

- Test: LD50 - Route: Dermal - Species: Rabbit > 3 g/kg - Source: Acute Toxicity Data. Journal of the American College of Toxicology, Part B. Vol. 15
 Test: LD50 - Route: Oral - Species: Rat > 15400 mg/kg - Source: Acute Toxicity Data. Journal of the American College of Toxicology, Part B. Vol. 15
- 2-Pyrrolidone - CAS: 616-45-5
- a) acute toxicity:
 - Test: LD50 - Route: Oral - Species: Rat > 2000 mg/kg
 - Test: LD50 - Route: Dermal - Species: Rabbit > 2000 mg/kg
 - b) skin corrosion/irritation:
 - Test: Skin Irritant - Species: Rabbit Non-irritant
 - c) serious eye damage/irritation:
 - Test: Eye Irritant - Species: Rabbit Moderate irritant - Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
 - d) respiratory or skin sensitisation:
 - Test: Skin Sensitisation - Route: LLNA - Species: Mouse Negative
 - e) germ cell mutagenicity:
 - Test: Mutagenesis - Species: Salmonella Typhimurium and Escherichia coli Negative
- 2-[2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethoxy]ethanol; TEGBE; triethylene glycol monobutyl ether - CAS: 143-22-6
- a) acute toxicity:
 - Test: LD50 - Route: Dermal - Species: Rabbit = 3.54 ml/kg - Source: American Industrial Hygiene Association Journal. Vol. 23, Pg. 95, 1962.
 - Test: LD50 - Route: Oral - Species: Rat = 5300 mg/kg - Source: Office of Toxic Substances Report. Vol. OTS,
- Carbon black - CAS: 1333-86-4
- With excessive exposure, carbon black has been listed as a possible human carcinogen. However, as engineered within this ink cartridge, emissions to air of carbon black during normal printing use have not been found. IARC, the International Agency for Research on Cancer, has found printing inks to be not classifiable as human carcinogens.

If not differently specified, the information required in Regulation (EU)2020/878 listed below must be considered as N.A.:

- a) acute toxicity;
- b) skin corrosion/irritation;
- c) serious eye damage/irritation;
- d) respiratory or skin sensitisation;
- e) germ cell mutagenicity;
- f) carcinogenicity;
- g) reproductive toxicity;
- h) STOT-single exposure;
- i) STOT-repeated exposure;
- j) aspiration hazard.

11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties:

No endocrine disruptor substances present in concentration $\geq 0.1\%$

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Adopt good working practices, so that the product is not released into the environment.

Toxicological information of the product:

No data available

Toxicological information of the main substances found in the product:

2-Pyrrolidone - CAS: 616-45-5

a) Aquatic acute toxicity:

Endpoint: LC50 - Species: Fish > 4600 mg/l - Duration h: 96

Endpoint: EC50 - Species: Daphnia > 500 mg/l - Duration h: 24

Endpoint: EC50 - Species: Algae > 500 mg/l - Duration h: 72

12.2. Persistence and degradability

No data available

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

12.4. Mobility in soil

No data available

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

vPvB Substances: None - PBT Substances: None

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

No endocrine disruptor substances present in concentration $\geq 0.1\%$

12.7. Other adverse effects

None

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Recover if possible. In so doing, comply with the local and national regulations currently in force.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1. UN number or ID number

Not classified as dangerous in the meaning of transport regulations.

14.2. UN proper shipping name

No data available

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

No data available

14.4. Packing group

No data available

14.5. Environmental hazards

No data available

14.6. Special precautions for user

No data available

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

No data available

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Dir. 98/24/EC (Risks related to chemical agents at work)

Dir. 2000/39/EC (Occupational exposure limit values)

Regulation (EC) n. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Regulation (EC) n. 1272/2008 (CLP)

Regulation (EC) n. 790/2009 (ATP 1 CLP) and (EU) n. 758/2013

Regulation (EU) n. 2020/878

Regulation (EU) n. 286/2011 (ATP 2 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 618/2012 (ATP 3 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 487/2013 (ATP 4 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 944/2013 (ATP 5 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 605/2014 (ATP 6 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2015/1221 (ATP 7 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2016/918 (ATP 8 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2016/1179 (ATP 9 CLP)
 Regulation (EU) n. 2017/776 (ATP 10 CLP)
 Regulation (EU) n. 2018/669 (ATP 11 CLP)
 Regulation (EU) n. 2018/1480 (ATP 13 CLP)
 Regulation (EU) n. 2019/521 (ATP 12 CLP)
 Regulation (EU) n. 2020/217 (ATP 14 CLP)
 Regulation (EU) n. 2020/1182 (ATP 15 CLP)
 Regulation (EU) n. 2021/643 (ATP 16 CLP)
 Regulation (EU) n. 2021/849 (ATP 17 CLP)
 Regulation (EU) n. 2022/692 (ATP 18 CLP)
 Regulation (EU) n. 2023/1434 (ATP 19 CLP)
 Regulation (EU) n. 2023/1435 (ATP 20 CLP)
 Regulation (EU) n. 2024/197 (ATP 21 CLP)

Restrictions related to the product or the substances contained according to Annex XVII
 Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) and subsequent modifications:

Restrictions related to the product:

No restriction.

Restrictions related to the substances contained:

Restriction 75

Where applicable, refer to the following regulatory provisions :

Directive 2012/18/EU (Seveso III)

Regulation (EC) nr 648/2004 (detergents).

Dir. 2004/42/EC (VOC directive)

Provisions related to directive EU 2012/18 (Seveso III):

Seveso III category according to Annex 1, part 1

None

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for the mixture.

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of phrases referred to in Section 3:

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H360 May damage fertility or the unborn child.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

Hazard class and hazard category	Code	Description
Eye Dam. 1	3.3/1	Serious eye damage, Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	3.3/2	Eye irritation, Category 2
Repr. 1B	3.7/1B	Reproductive toxicity, Category 1B

Paragraphs modified from the previous revision:

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

This document was prepared by a competent person who has received appropriate training.

Main bibliographic sources:

ECDIN - Environmental Chemicals Data and Information Network - Joint Research Centre,
 Commission of the European Communities

SAX's DANGEROUS PROPERTIES OF INDUSTRIAL MATERIALS - Eight Edition - Van Nostrand Reinold

- Ref. 1 ·IARC Monographs on the Evaluation Carcinogenic Risks to Humans (IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer)
 ·Journal of Occupational Health (JOH) (Japan Society of Occupational Health (JSOH))
 ·TLVs and BEIs (ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists)
 ·IRIS Carcinogenic Assessment (IRIS: Integrated Risk Information System of US EPA)
 ·National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens (USA)
 ·Annex VI of REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, amending and repealing Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC, and amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006
 ·MAK und BAT Werte Liste (DFG: German Research Foundation)
 ·TRGS 905, Verzeichnis krebserzeugender, keimzell mutagener oder reproduktionstoxischer Stoffe (AGS: Committee on Hazardous Substances, Germany)

The information contained herein is based on our state of knowledge at the above-specified date. It refers solely to the product indicated and constitutes no guarantee of particular quality. It is the duty of the user to ensure that this information is appropriate and complete with respect to the specific use intended.

This Safety Data Sheet cancels and replaces any preceding release.

ADR:	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.
ATE:	Acute Toxicity Estimate
ATEmix:	Acute toxicity Estimate (Mixtures)
CAS:	Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society).
CLP:	Classification, Labeling, Packaging.
DNEL:	Derived No Effect Level.
EINECS:	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.
GefStoffVO:	Ordinance on Hazardous Substances, Germany.
GHS:	Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals.
IATA:	International Air Transport Association.
IATA-DGR:	Dangerous Goods Regulation by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA).
ICAO:	International Civil Aviation Organization.
ICAO-TI:	Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation Organization" (ICAO).
IMDG:	International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods.
INCI:	International Nomenclature of Cosmetic Ingredients.
KSt:	Explosion coefficient.
LC50:	Lethal concentration, for 50 percent of test population.
LD50:	Lethal dose, for 50 percent of test population.
PNEC:	Predicted No Effect Concentration.
RID:	Regulation Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail.
STEL:	Short Term Exposure limit.
STOT:	Specific Target Organ Toxicity.
TLV:	Threshold Limiting Value.
TWA:	Time-weighted average
WGK:	German Water Hazard Class.